EAST RENFREWSHIRE COUNCIL

EDUCATION COMMITTEE

2 APRIL 2015

Report by Director of Education

REPORT ON VOCATIONAL EDUCATION IN EAST RENFREWSHIRE SCHOOLS

PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

1. The purpose of this report is to seek Elected Members' approval of its content.

RECOMMENDATION

- 2. The recommendation is that Elected Members:
 - note the progress that has been made in the development of vocational education as part of the senior phase in East Renfrewshire secondary schools;
 - approve the recommendations of the report to ensure further improvement in the vocational programme; and
 - note that, in response to Developing the Young Workforce Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy, the department will work with partners to devise an implementation plan which will meet the needs of the young workforce in East Renfrewshire.

BACKGROUND

- 3. The vocational programme was introduced in 2004. Its principal aim was to develop skills for learning, life and work by broadening the range of educational experiences, including work-related and college-based learning, for pupils in the senior phase. With the publication in December 2014 of the Scottish Government's response to the recommendations of the Commission for Developing Scotland's Young Workforce, the review of vocational education provided a timely opportunity to assess the readiness of schools to implement Developing the Young Workforce Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy, the Scottish Government's 7-year implementation plan.
- 4. The review was carried out in October and November 2014. The review team analysed data and engaged with pupils, parents, staff, partners and other stakeholders. The review team also noted the recommendations of the final report of the Commission for Developing Scotland's Young Workforce and the Scottish Government's response to that report, viz. Developing the Young Workforce Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy, and decided that the findings of these two important national reports would inform its recommendations.
- 5. The report is attached as Appendix 1. It will be issued to staff in schools and in partner institutions including colleges, training providers and Skills Development Scotland (SDS).

REPORT

- 6. The report provides a comprehensive overview of the vocational programme over a 10-year period, viz. 2004 to 2014.
- 7. The key strengths highlighted by the review team included:
 - The leadership and commitment provided by an ambitious leadership team which is highly credible with school staff and partner providers.
 - The range of courses, including National Certificate (NC) courses which had been developed and delivered in recent years, which meets the needs of pupils at all levels of study.
 - Very effective partnerships with a wide range of providers.
 - The responsive nature of the provision, both in terms of labour market information and meeting pupils' needs.
 - The early sharing of information between schools and partners to plan for meeting individual needs.
 - The quality of information and support provided to pupils on the programme and their parents.
 - The increasing number of awards and qualifications in a breadth of disciplines achieved by pupils.
 - The very successful showcasing of pupils' achievements in special events.
- 8. The areas for improvement highlighted by the review team included:
 - Improving the range of curricular pathways in order to provide clear progression routes for pupils who participate in the vocational programme.
 - Working with partners to ensure that pupils on the vocational programme are able to identify and articulate the skills for work related to their vocational courses.
 - Introducing more rigorous and systematic arrangements to track and evaluate pupils' experiences throughout the vocational programme.
 - Introducing arrangements to measure and publish the outcomes for pupils involved in the vocational programme.
- 9. In addition to the above areas for improvement that are related to the review of the vocational programme, paragraph 8 of the report includes the main recommendations of Developing the Young Workforce Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy. Taken together, the 19 recommendations in the report provide a secure foundation for a future implementation plan, led by the department, which will meet the needs of the young workforce in East Renfrewshire.

FINANCIAL AND EFFICIENCY IMPLICATIONS

10. There are no financial or efficiency implications related to this report.

CONCLUSIONS

- 11. From a relatively modest beginning in 2004, the vocational programme has expanded and evolved over a 10-year period to become an established and important part of the Senior Phase in East Renfrewshire secondary schools. Many pupils have benefitted from the wide range of college and work-based opportunities and experiences it offers.
- 12. Education has the lead strategic responsibility for taking forward East Renfrewshire's response to Developing the Young Workforce Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy, the Scottish Government's response to the Commission for Developing Scotland's Young Workforce. The department's vocational programme has placed East Renfrewshire in a strong position to take forward this national strategy.
- 13. Immediately following this review, Education will engage with Environment, SDS, WorkER, the college sector and other partners to address the main recommendations of Developing the Young Workforce Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy and to devise an implementation plan which will meet the needs of the young workforce in East Renfrewshire.

RECOMMENDATION

- 14. The recommendation is that Elected Members:
 - note the progress that has been made in the development of vocational education as part of the senior phase in East Renfrewshire secondary schools;
 - approve the recommendations of the report to ensure further improvement in the vocational programme; and
 - note that, in response to Developing the Young Workforce Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy, the department will work with partners to devise an implementation plan which will meet the needs of the young workforce in East Renfrewshire.

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<u>Appendix</u>

Appendix 1: Report of Vocational Education in East Renfrewshire Schools - East Renfrewshire Council – Education Department

Key Words

Vocational education

Commission for Developing Scotland's Young Workforce (Wood, June 2014)

Developing the Young Workforce – Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy (Scottish Government, December 2014).

Report on Vocational Education in East Renfrewshire Schools

March 2015

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1. Introduction

Curriculum for Excellence provides a clear statement of the purposes to which the efforts of everyone involved in the education of children and young people in East Renfrewshire should be directed. By its nature, Curriculum for Excellence provides the opportunity for a more balanced and inclusive approach to academic and vocational education with the potential to blend both to the needs of individual learners. In regard to vocational education, Curriculum for Excellence seeks to embed the development of broader skills across schools, colleges and other providers and offers greater flexibility in the Senior Phase. With this in mind, the department undertook to carry out a review of its vocational programme to assess its impact on learners and to shape its future direction. The review was carried out during October and November 2014.

In order to gather evidence the review team:

- analysed data;
- o conducted interviews with senior managers with responsibility for certain aspects of vocational education (e.g. budget, resources, facilities, planning, timetabling);
- o conducted interviews with focus groups of depute head teachers in secondary schools;
- o met focus groups of pupils in S1-S3 and S4-S6;
- met focus groups of parents of learners previously and currently involved in the vocational programme; and
- o conducted interviews with a range of partners who support the vocational programme.

The review team also noted the recommendations of the final report of the Commission for Developing Scotland's Young Workforce (Sir Ian Wood, June 2014) and the Scottish Government's response to the report, viz. Developing the Young Workforce - Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy (Scottish Government, December 2014). In doing so, the review group decided that the findings of these two important national reports would inform the recommendations of this report.

2. Background

The vocational programme was introduced in 2004 for pupils aged 14 to 16 years. Its principal aim was to develop skills for learning, life and work by broadening the range of educational experiences for pupils, including work-related and college-based learning.

The programme began with 65 S3 pupils who took courses in Administration, Construction, and Health and Fitness over a two-year period. In 2005 more courses were added and pupils in S4 were included. In 2006 the programme was extended to S5/S6 pupils. Appendix 1 shows retention statistics for the period 2004 until to 2014.

In 2007 East Renfrewshire introduced a new vocational timetable which focused on S5/S6. Colleges viewed this as an opportunity to expand their Senior Phase partnerships with East Renfrewshire schools. In the new model, pupils could choose a vocational subject at SCQF Level 3 through to Level 7 from an S5/S6 options column.

Over the past 10 years the programme has continued to expand. Vocational partners now include several colleges, Glasgow Caledonian University and a range of training providers. Appendices 1 to 4 show the growth of the programme, the courses undertaken, the range of partners (colleges and training providers) and the qualifications achieved by pupils.

The programme is reviewed on a yearly basis and takes into consideration feedback from schools, pupils and partners. This feedback has led to adjustments to the programme. For example, a suite of Friday morning classes, including Urban Music, Construction CSCS and Shoestring Cookery, was added following feedback from schools.

Currently provision is offered by Glasgow Clyde College, West College Scotland and Glasgow Kelvin College. The main training providers are Riverside Studios, Young Enterprise Scotland, Maxxell and En Croute Catering.

Today the vocational programme contributes significantly to the achievement and attainment of young people in the Senior Phase.

3. Stakeholders' views

3.1 Pupils and parents

Two groups of pupils were interviewed.

The first group of S1/S2 pupils had limited knowledge of the vocational programme and viewed vocational education as a feature of the Senior Phase. The pupils indicated that they were steered towards higher education by both school staff and their parents. They said that they would benefit from more careers education at an earlier stage.

The second group of S4/S5/S6 pupils was very positive about the vocational programme and highlighted a number of features including: the support they received from school depute head teachers and pastoral staff in identifying appropriate courses; the college experience, where they were treated as adults; the practical industry-based settings, which offered real life experience; and the opportunity to progress to college to continue their learning. All were following a course they enjoyed and several were interested in a career in the same field of study. Pupils were very positive about the vocational brochure and all valued the feedback they received from pupils who had prior

experience of the vocational programme. The pupils did not believe that there was a lack of parity of esteem between academic and vocational courses in the Senior Phase.

Pupils in the second group suggested a number of ways to improve their experiences on the vocational programme. These included: more courses being available that offer direct progression to higher education; more opportunities in school to engage with SDS and My World of Work; and better school timetabling, where they did not miss classes in their base school. Some were concerned that not all pupils were committed to the vocational programme and felt that "they are there to make up the numbers", while others indicated that they were held back by a few pupils on their courses who lacked motivation.

Only a few parents participated in the review. Those who did were highly impressed by the quality of the vocational brochure, the information about the vocational programme they received at parents' evenings, the wide choice of courses on offer and the support staff gave their children. Parents found the Vocational Coordinator to be accessible and helpful and noted that she was always available to address their concerns. They were also positive about college staff who would helpfully arrange a tour of college facilities. Parents believed that their children enjoyed vocational courses and were motivated to succeed. They also noted an improvement in their children's self-confidence and attributed much of this to the college/workplace experience.

3.2 School staff

In almost all schools a depute head teacher has operational responsibility for the vocational programme.

Depute head teachers were very positive about the programme. They believed that their views on course provision and their suggestions for improvement were taken into account. They were happy with the range of providers and they viewed the college experience as highly motivating for pupils, including pupils who were becoming disengaged with their learning. The deputes felt that the courses that were delivered over two and a half days each week were ideal for pupils involved in the Opportunities for All programme, a high priority group in each school. They were confident that school staff were knowledgeable about vocational opportunities for pupils. All schools had taken steps to seek the views of pupils and had fedback any issues and concerns to the Vocational Coordinator. They strongly believed that the programme was an important and essential part of a flexible Senior Phase.

Deputes also pointed out that: pathways of progression were not clear for some pupils; more work on modern apprenticeships with SDS was needed; and the criteria for entry to courses were higher

than they had been previously. They recognised that there were now opportunities available to pupils of all levels of study to engage in the vocational programme.

3.3 Partner providers

Partner providers were also very positive about the vocational programme. They valued greatly the opportunity to meet the Vocational Coordinator and the Quality Improvement Officer responsible for the programme three times each year. They commented favourably on their relationship with East Renfrewshire and felt supported by its staff when they had raised issues or concerns. In response to requests from East Renfrewshire, partners had explored accreditation for some courses. College representatives were confident that they were getting the right pupils and were very positive about the significant contribution East Renfrewshire pupils made to improved performance indicators for individual colleges. Pupils involved in the Opportunities for All programme remain a high priority group for colleges. Although colleges had not conducted formal reviews with pupils, all regularly sought the views of pupils and had fedback issues or concerns informally. Partners wished to develop further their relationship with East Renfrewshire and were keen to see the programme extended to include more National Certificate (NC) and the introduction of Higher National Certificate (HNC) courses.

Partner providers valued greatly the opportunity to showcase the achievements of pupils and considered the annual commercial culinary arts banquet and fashion show to be outstanding examples of the quality of pupils' progress in work-related learning.

3.4 WorkER and RPL MKTG

WorkER is the East Renfrewshire employability team which, working at all stages of the employability pipeline, aims to provide appropriate outcomes for clients. RPL MKTG, a local company that works with the private and public sectors, is a business partner of WorkER.

WorkER's engagement with the vocational programme tended to focus on one-off activities, for example linking with the Style Academy to help secure Modern Apprenticeship opportunities for young people undertaking the Hairdressing Techniques two and a half day course. WorkER recognised that labour market information influenced provision within the vocational programme and agreed that this information should be used to encourage young people to consider applying for a Modern Apprenticeship. WorkER commissions the Vocational Education Resource Group (VERG), a training and employability service provider, to work with a targeted group of S4 summer leavers and S5 winter leavers in St Luke's High School to support their transition from school into a positive destination and suggested that this approach could be applied more widely in schools.

RPL MKTG believed that a more effective and productive partnership with WorkER would lead to better outcomes for pupils. For pupils on the vocational programme, who were unlikely to progress from school to college or university, RPL MKTG argued that through WorkER there should be an early engagement with employers. They acknowledged that pupils in the vocational programme were very positive about their experiences in college or in work-related settings. They believed, however, that the programme was not yet sufficiently targeted on developing pupils' skills and attitudes in order to meet the needs of employers. RPL MKTG also felt that some young people were reluctant to leave school to take up a job opportunity and would rather remain at school. RPL MKTG suggested that, prior to leaving school, all prospective school leavers should register with WorkER.

4. Key strengths

The review of the vocational programme identified a number of key strengths. These are set out below.

- 4.1 The leadership and commitment provided by an ambitious leadership team which is highly credible with school staff and partner providers.
- 4.2 The range of courses, including National Certificate (NC) courses which had been developed and delivered in recent years, which meets the needs of pupils at all levels of study.
- 4.3 Very effective partnerships with a wide range of providers.
- 4.4 The responsive nature of the provision, both in terms of labour market information and meeting pupils' needs.
- 4.5 The early sharing of information between schools and partners to plan for meeting individual needs.
- 4.6 The quality of information and support provided to pupils on the programme and their parents.
- 4.7 The increasing number of awards and qualifications in a breadth of disciplines achieved by pupils.
- 4.8 The very successful showcasing of pupils' achievements in special events.

5. Areas for improvement

The review of the vocational programme also identified areas for improvement. These are set out below.

- 5.1 Improve the range of curricular pathways in order to provide clear progression routes for pupils who participate in the vocational programme.
- 5.2 Working with partners, ensure pupils on the vocational programme are able to identify and articulate the skills for work related to their vocational courses.
- 5.3 Introduce more rigorous and systematic arrangements to track and evaluate pupils' experiences throughout the vocational programme.
- 5.4 Introduce arrangements to measure and publish the outcomes for pupils involved in the vocational programme.

6. The Commission for Developing Scotland's Young Workforce (June 2014)

The Scottish Government established the independent Commission for Developing Scotland's Young Workforce, led by Sir Ian Wood, in January 2013. Its remit was to explore how we might develop a modern, responsive and valued system for vocational training and emulate the labour markets of the best performing European countries. The Commission's final report was published in June 2014 and set out 39 recommendations, all of which built upon the Scottish Government's Economic Strategy, the introduction of Curriculum for Excellence and the extensive reforms of Post-16 Education. The Commission had education and training as its first focus and made the following recommendation in regard to Senior Phase vocational pathways:

"Pathways should start in the Senior Phase and lead to the delivery of industry recognised vocational qualifications alongside academic qualifications. These pathways should be developed and delivered in partnership with colleges and, where necessary, other training providers. Their delivery should be explicitly measured and published alongside other school performance indicators."

Linked to the above are the following recommendations:

- Over the course of the Senior Phase, young people should have the option to study for a National Certificate (NC) from S4 onward and, where appropriate, to progress to a Higher National Certificate (HNC) in S5/S6 alongside academic subjects. Other qualifications with labour market currency should also be included in the range of vocational qualifications offered.
- 6.2 Within the Senior Phase, young people should have the option to commence relevant training and education which contribute to Modern Apprenticeship frameworks and help prepare meaningfully for entry into a Modern Apprenticeship including some course credit.

- 6.3 The development of the new Senior Phase benchmarking tool (Insight) and Scottish Schools Online should make the delivery of vocational qualifications with labour market currency, work experience opportunities and progress into post school vocational destinations and employment explicit indicators of success for all schools.
- 6.4 Schools should have senior staff resources dedicated to the coordination of vocational education in the Senior Phase, liaison with colleges, and the promotion of college education and apprenticeships to pupils and parents.

7. Developing the Young Workforce - Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy, (December 2014)

Developing the Young Workforce - Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy, published in December 2014, sets out how the Scottish Government intends to implement the recommendations from the Commission for Developing Scotland's Young Workforce. Its 7-year Implementation Plan presents the detail of how Curriculum for Excellence, a regionalised college system, a significantly expanded Modern Apprenticeship programme and purposeful employer engagement will be brought together to drive the creation of a world class vocational education.

Developing the Young Workforce - Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy highlighted a number of **key themes for schools**, including:

- 7.1 increasing the routes from school into employment or further education which is linked to employment;
- 7.2 improving engagement with young people, parents, teachers, partners and employers;
- 7.3 supporting teachers to educate children and young people towards a better understanding of the world of work;
- 7.4 providing earlier relevant labour market careers advice when young people need it;
- 7.5 embedding more meaningful employer involvement; and
- 7.6 consolidating partnership working with colleges and other training providers.

8. Recommendations

The recommendations which are set out below are based on both the findings of this review of vocational education in East Renfrewshire schools and Developing the Young Workforce - Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy. They should be closely aligned with East Renfrewshire's Employability Strategy and fully integrated into the department's strategic plan for Curriculum for Excellence.

- 8.1 The department should work in collaboration with college partners and employers to ensure that clear pathways of progression, leading to positive destinations for all school leavers, are in place.
- 8.2 In partnership with colleges, pupils should be able to study appropriate Higher National Certificate (HNC) courses in school as part of the Senior Phase.
- 8.3 As part of the Senior Phase, the department should work with partners to give pupils the opportunity at school to prepare meaningfully for entry into a Modern Apprenticeship, including some course credit.
- 8.4 As part of the Senior Phase, the department should work with partners to give pupils the opportunity to begin a Foundation Apprenticeship at school.
- 8.5 Supported by partners, the department should provide training for: school staff, to ensure that they are skilled to deliver NC and HNC courses and Modern Apprenticeship programmes; and pupil support staff, to ensure they are able to advise and support pupils on NC and HNC courses and Modern Apprenticeship programmes.
- 8.6 In partnership with SDS and WorkER, the local authority should undertake a campaign of rebranding to significantly raise the profile of vocational education and Modern Apprenticeships with staff, pupils, parents and local employers.
- 8.7 The department should hold discussions with universities so that pupils who have undertaken a vocational course at HNC level while still at school are offered a place in the second year of a university degree course.
- 8.8 Schools should introduce a curricular programme of vocational education, with a focus on employability and skills for work, for pupils in the Broad General Education with consideration given to accreditation. This work and any related staff development should be coordinated by the department.
- 8.9 College partners, employers and the local authority (working closely with WorkER) should consider how to develop and open direct routes into employment, ensuring that qualifications and training methods meet the expectations and requirements of employers.
- 8.10 Supported by the department, all secondary schools should develop and secure partnerships with employers to inform curricular planning and delivery and to provide work-related learning experiences for pupils.
- 8.11 Partner providers and schools should ensure that pupils are able to identify and articulate the skills for work related to their vocational courses.

- 8.12 Schools should arrange a series of high profile workshops and/or events for parents and pupils to help them understand the implications of Developing the Young Workforce and the approach being planned in East Renfrewshire.
- 8.13 The local authority should work in partnership with the proposed Regional Invest in Young People Groups to achieve improved outcomes for pupils.
- 8.14 In discussion with schools, EMIS should set targets around increasing the percentage of school leavers attaining vocational qualifications at SCQF level 5 and above.
- 8.15 As part of its established target setting and reporting on school performance, EMIS should include appropriate performance data for the vocational programme.
- 8.16 The department and schools should introduce more systematic self-evaluation to track pupils' experiences throughout the vocational programme.
- 8.17 The department should carry out a review of its current arrangements for work experience in order to achieve a new standard with more productive and relevant experiences for pupils.
- 8.18 Using Scottish Government monies allocated to support the delivery of Developing the Young Workforce Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy, the department should fund a new post that is dedicated to working with Education, Environment, schools and other partners to achieve the above recommendations. The post holder should have the knowledge, skills and attributes required to drive forward this challenging agenda.
- 8.19 Schools should include the recommendations of this review report in their self-evaluation programmes.

9. Conclusion

From a relatively modest beginning in 2004, the vocational programme has expanded and evolved over a 10-year period to become an established and important part of the Senior Phase in East Renfrewshire secondary schools. Many pupils have benefitted from the wide range of college and work-based opportunities and experiences it offers.

Education has the lead strategic responsibility for taking forward East Renfrewshire's response to Developing the Young Workforce - Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy, the Scottish Government's response to the Commission for Developing Scotland's Young Workforce. The department's vocational programme has placed East Renfrewshire in a strong position to take forward this national strategy.

Immediately following this review, Education will engage with Environment, SDS, WorkER, the college sector and other partners to address the main recommendations of Developing the Young Workforce - Scotland's Youth Employment Strategy and to devise an implementation plan which will meet the needs of the young workforce in East Renfrewshire.

Courses - Retention Rates

Year	Number of pupils who started courses	Number of pupils who completed courses	Retention rate (%)
2004	65	43	66
2005	101	59	58
2006	181	103	57
2007	308	173	56
2008	272	158	58
2009	295	223	76
2010	379	303	80
2011	470	362	77
2012	342	271	79
2013	432	346	80

Course Completions (Colleges and Training Providers)

Courses - completed and passed						
College	Campus	2010	2011	2012	2013	Total
Cardonald	Cardonald	127	188	87		402
Langside	ERC Style Academy	51	27			78
Glasgow Caledonian University	Glasgow Caledonian University	6	13	18	11	50
Glasgow City	Glasgow Metropolitan			49		49
Glasgow City	Glasgow Nautical			14		14
Langside	Langside	31	37	81		149
North Glasgow	North Glasgow			20		20
Reid Kerr	Robertson St SC	8	16	14		38
Glasgow Clyde	Cardonald (GCC)				139	139
Glasgow Clyde	Langside (GCC)				15	15
Glasgow Kelvin	Springburn				20	20
West College Scotland	Paisley				22	22
West College Scotland	Robertson St SC				5	5
Glasgow Clyde	ERC Style Academy (GCC)				18	18
TOTALS		223	281	283	230	1017

Courses – part completed						
College	Campus	2010	2011	2010	2013	Total
Cardonald	Cardonald	8	11	6		25
Langside	ERC Style Academy	2	5			7
Glasgow City	Glasgow Metropolitan			4		4
Langside	Langside	3	6	8		17
Reid Kerr	Robertson St SC			4		4
Reid Kerr	Paisley			2		2
Glasgow Clyde	Cardonald (GCC)				12	12
Glasgow Kelvin College	Springburn				2	2
West College Scotland	Robertson St SC				2	2
TOTALS		13	22	24	16	75

Courses - completed and passed					
Training provider	2010	2011	2012	2013	Total
Café Gandolfi and En Croute Catering (with Reid Kerr College)	12	4			16
En Croute Catering (with Reid Kerr College)			5		5
ERC Waste Technology Centre	14				14
ERC Waste Technology Centre (with Reid Kerr College)	9				9
ERC Sports Development				6	6
ERC Training Centre		5	5		10
ERC Training Centre (with Reid Kerr College)		12	8		20
MPS Training	5	7			12
ERC Training Centre (with Reid Kerr College)			1		1
Riverside Studios		18	35	24	77
Riverside Studios (with Stow College)	23				23
Maxxell Training				28	28
En Croute Catering				12	12
En Croute Catering (with West College Scotland)				11	11
ERC Training Centre (with West College Scotland)				9	9
TOTALS	63	46	54	90	253

Courses – part completed					
Training provider	2010	2011	2012	2013	Total
ERC Waste Technology Centre	2				2
ERC Sports Development				3	3
ERC Training Centre		4	1		5
Riverside Studios				3	3
Café Gandolfi and En Croute Catering (with Reid Kerr College)	2	9			11
En Croute Catering (with West College of Scotland)				4	4
TOTALS	4	13	1	10	28

Work-Related Courses Delivered by Training Providers

Courses in 2010	Training Provider	No. of Pupils
Commercial Culinary Arts	En Croute Catering and Café Gandolfi	18
IMS Grow and Eat/SfW Rural Skills/Construction & Landscaping	ERC Training Centre	40
Sound Engineering	Riverside Studios (with Stow College)	25
Vehicle Maintenance	MPS Construction and Training	7
TOTAL		90

Courses in 2011	Training Provider	No. of Pupils
Commercial Culinary Arts	En Croute Catering	17
IMS Grow and Eat/SfW Rural Skills/Construction & Landscaping	ERC Training Centre	34
Sound Engineering/DJ Course	Riverside Studios	26
Vehicle Maintenance	MPS Construction and Training	9
TOTAL		86

Courses in 2012	Training Provider	No. of Pupils
Commercial Culinary Arts	En Croute Catering	16
IMS Grow and Eat/SfW Rural Skills/Construction & Landscaping	ERC Training Centre	22
Sound Engineering/DJ Course	Riverside Studios	41
Style for Success	Maxxell Training	5
TOTAL		84

Courses in 2013	Training Provider	No. of Pupils
Commercial Culinary Arts/Shoestring Cookery	En Croute Catering	28
DJ Remixing	Riverside Studios	13
Sound Engineering/DJ Course	Riverside Studios	23
Style for Success	Maxxell Training	20
SFA Refereeing	ERC Sports Development	13
Various programmes	YES Academy	10
TOTAL 1	L5	107

Courses in 2014	Training Provider	No. of Pupils
Commercial Culinary Arts/Shoestring Cookery	En Croute Catering	25
DJ Remixing	Riverside Studios	14
Sound Engineering/DJ Course	Riverside Studios	28
Style for Success	Maxxell Training	18
Various programmes	YES Academy	32
TOTAL		117

Qualifications Achieved by Pupils

Qualification – completed in full	2010	2011	2012	2013	Total
ASDAN			16		16
City & Guilds Level 3	5	7	6	14	32
College Certificate	5			12	17
Commercial Culinary Arts - BIIAB Level 1 & 2	12	4	6	11	33
Construction Skills Certificate Scheme		13			13
Four units at Level 6	7	9		11	27
Six units at Level 4 and 5	14			10	24
SCQF Level 1	9	12	9	9	39
SCQF Level 3	5		9	28	42
SCQF Level 4	85	49	45	72	251
SCQF Level 4				9	9
SCQF Level 5	30	39	47	48	164
SCQF Level 6	75	70	82	87	314
SCQF Level 7				6	6
University Level 1	15	9	6	11	41
TOTALS	262	212	226	328	1028

Qualifications – part completed	2010	2011	2012	2013	Total
College Certificate	3				3
Commercial Culinary Arts - BIIAB Level 1 & 2	2	9		4	15
Four units at Level 6	2				2
Six units at Level 4 and 5	1				1
SCQF Level 3			4		4
SCQF Level 4	6	15	5	8	34
SCQF Level 5	5	6	3	4	18
SCQF Level 6	9	5	2	7	23
SCQF Level 7				3	3
TOTALS	28	35	14	26	103